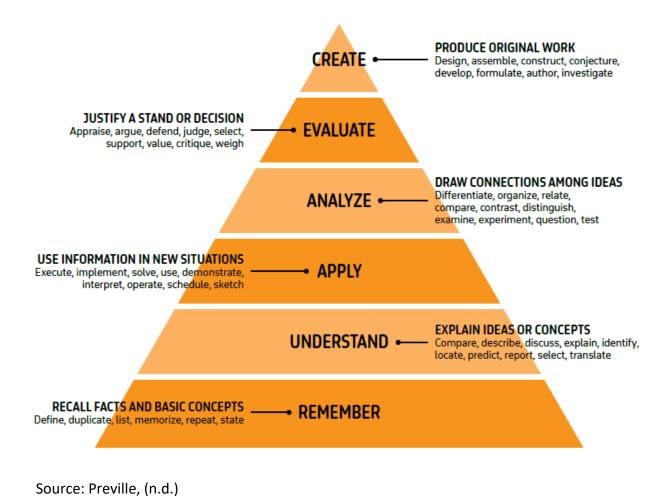


Action Verbs

Updated: May 2019

A structured approach to understanding action verbs used in Examination and Assignment Questions

Based on Bloom's Taxonomy



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The framework below provides broad guidelines for the construction of the questions in examinations and assignments. You should carefully consider the action verbs in questions as they provide you with guidance about how you should respond with regards to the content being tested.

NQF	Level label	Student action	Action Verbs	Achievement	Activity examples
level				Demonstration	
5	Knowledge	To define,	List, describe,	A student can	Define the GDP, list
		memorise, and	identify, show,	define and recall	the four Ps of
		remember	label and	terms, dates,	Marketing, identify
		previously learnt	quote	events, and	the purpose of a
		materials.		places and	balance sheet and
				describe subject	label its
				matter	completion,
					What is?
					Who?
					What happened
					after?
5 & 6	Comprehension	The ability to grasp	Understand,	A student can	Summarise the
		conceptual	discuss,	correctly explain	most important
		meaning	estimate,	the history of an	social factors that
			compare,	event, report on	led to the
			contrast, rank,	the status of an	formation of the
			recognise, and	organisation or	securities and
			report or	differentiate	exchange
			explain facts	phenomena.	commission, rank
			and principles		in order of risk the
					various investment
					vehicles such as
					mutual funds,
					treasury bonds and
					individual stocks,
					compare and
					contrast qualitative
					research methods
					versus quantitative
					research methods.
					Can you write in
					your own words?
					How would you
					explain?
					What could happen
					next?

NQF level	Level label	Student action	Action Verbs	Achievement Demonstration	Activity examples
5, 6 & 7	Application	The ability to use learned material in new and concrete situations or to demonstrate the accurate use of a concept or theory in a different context.	Apply, relate, demonstrate, illustrate, interpret, solve.	A student can: Apply theory in a practical context Recognise and then use the correct methods for solving a problem.	Calculate a break- even point for manufacturing a new product, Utilise Porter's Five Forces as a framework for understanding the challenges of starting a new business. From the information given, can you develop a set of instructions of? Which factors would you ask of? Can you group?

NQF level	Level label	Student action	Action Verbs	Achievement Demonstration	Activity examples
6, 7 & 8	Analysis	The ability to break down a complex problem into different parts and to determine the relationship between these parts.	Analyse, appraise, criticise, differentiate, discriminate, distinguish, examine, experiment.	A student can explain why a particular solution process works to resolve a problem. A student is able to see patterns of underlying content or deconstruct the critical components of a framework.	Discuss what customer lifetime value is and why it is a potent measure of profitability. Design a segmentation strategy for the S.A. farming market. Write a paper on how the current S.A. tax structure impacts on taxpayers at various income levels. Analyse the implications of corporate authorship when used as a secondary source. Which events could not have happened? How is similar to? Do you think Is a good or bad thing? Why?

NQF level	Level label	Student action	Action Verbs	Achievement Demonstration	Activity examples
6,7 & 8	Synthesis	The ability to put different parts together to form a new whole.	Arrange, assemble, collect, compose, construct, create, design, develop, formulate, manage, organise.	A student can rearrange, reconstruct, or combine parts of a process to form and utilise a new whole.	Write a five-year plan for an IT Department at a University whose budget is limited by the government subsidy. Design a new prototype of a new consumer product and conduct a beta test. Formulate a problem statement that reflects a variety of industry data from different secondary sources. Can you design a to? Can you see a possible solution to? How would you devise you own way to? Can you create new and unusual used for? What would happen if?

NQF	Level label	Student action	Action Verbs	Achievement	Activity examples
level				Demonstration	
7 & 8	Evaluation	The ability to judge	Persuade,	A student can	Assess the market
		the value of	appraise, judge	create a variety	value and
		material for a	recommend,	of ways to solve	profitability of a
		given purpose	conclude.	the problem and	technological
		based on a definite		then, based on	innovation.
		set of criteria.		established	Write a case where
				criteria, select	ethical violations
				the solution	have occurred
				method best	between two
				suited for the	businesses and
				problem. A	persuade the
				student is able to	stakeholders to
				judge an	maintain the
				argument's value	relationship with
				or appraise	the organisation in
				another person's	spite of the breach
				work.	having occurred.

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Preville, P., (n.d.) The Professor's Guide to using Blooms Taxonomy, TopHat.com